

April 4, 2017



**Jackson Square All-Cap Growth Fund
Jackson Square Global Growth Fund
Jackson Square Large-Cap Growth Fund
Jackson Square Select 20 Growth Fund
Jackson Square SMID-Cap Growth Fund**

Series of Managed Portfolio Series (the “Trust”)

**Supplement to the Prospectus, Summary Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) dated
February 28, 2017**

Institutional Class Minimum Initial Investment

On March 29, 2017, the Board of Trustees of the Trust approved a reduction in the minimum initial investment for Institutional Class shares of the Jackson Square All-Cap Growth Fund, Jackson Square Global Growth Fund, Jackson Square Large-Cap Growth Fund, Jackson Square Select 20 Growth Fund and Jackson Square SMID-Cap Growth Fund (the “Funds”). Effective April 4, 2017, the minimum initial investment for Institutional Class shares of the Funds will be \$100,000.

Portfolio Holdings Information

The third paragraph under “Portfolio Holdings Information” starting on page 46 of the SAI is supplemented with the following information: “Approximately seven business days following the end of each calendar quarter, each Fund will post their top ten holdings to www.jspfunds.com.”

**Thank you for your investment. If you have any questions, please call the Fund toll-free at 844-577-3863.
*This supplement should be retained with your Prospectus for future reference.***



Jackson Square Global Growth Fund

Summary Prospectus

February 28, 2017

Investor Class – [Not available for purchase]

Institutional Class – JSPTX

IS Class – JSPUX

Before you invest, you may want to review Jackson Square Global Growth Fund’s (the “Fund”) prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. The current Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information dated February 28, 2017, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund’s Statutory Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund on its website at <http://www.jspfunds.com/literature.html>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling the Fund (toll-free) at 844-577-3863 or by sending an email request to info@jspfunds.com.

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	Investor Class	Institutional Class	IS Class
	None	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	Investor Class	Institutional Class	IS Class
Management Fees	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Shareholder Servicing Plan Fee	0.10%	0.10%	0.00%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.95%	1.70%	1.60%
Less: Fee Waiver ⁽²⁾	(0.55)%	(0.55)%	(0.55)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver ⁽²⁾	1.40%	1.15%	1.05%

(1) Because the Fund is new, these expenses are based on estimated amounts for the Fund’s current fiscal year.

(2) Jackson Square Partners, LLC (the “Adviser” or “JSP”) has contractually agreed to waive its management fees and/or pay Fund expenses in order to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Rule 12b-1 fees, Shareholder Servicing Plan fees, acquired fund fees and expenses, leverage/borrowing interest, other interest expenses, taxes, brokerage commissions and extraordinary expenses) do not exceed 1.05% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. Fees reduced and expenses paid by the Adviser may be recouped by the Adviser for a period of three fiscal years following the fiscal year during which such fee waiver and/or expense payment was made, if such recoupment can be achieved without exceeding the expense limit in effect at the time the fee waiver and/or expense payment occurred and the expense limit in place at the time of recoupment. The Operating Expenses Limitation Agreement shall remain in effect through at least March 28, 2018.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the expense limitation for two years). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years
Investor Class	\$143	\$559
Institutional Class	\$117	\$482
IS Class	\$107	\$451

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the period from September 19, 2016, the date the Fund commenced operations, through October 31, 2016, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 3% of the value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund is non-diversified and invests primarily in common stocks of growth-oriented U.S. and non-U.S. companies of any size, which may include companies located or operating in developed, emerging, or frontier markets, that the Adviser believes have long-term capital appreciation potential and may grow faster than the global economy.

The Fund tends to hold a relatively focused portfolio of between 25 and 50 companies, although from time to time the Fund may hold fewer or more companies depending on the Adviser's assessment of the investment opportunities available. Although the Fund may invest in companies of any size, the Fund will primarily invest in mid- and large-cap companies. From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in securities of companies in the same economic sector.

In addition, the Fund may invest in real estate investment trusts ("REITs"). REITs are corporations or trusts that invest primarily in fee or leasehold ownership of real estate, mortgages or shares issued by other REITs, and that receive favorable tax treatment provided they meet certain conditions, including the requirement that they distribute at least 90% of their taxable income.

Using a bottom-up approach in selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser seeks to select securities of companies that it believes have strong competitive positions, strong and consistent cash flows, and the opportunity to generate consistent, long-term growth of intrinsic business value. The Adviser typically considers a company's operational efficiency and management's plans for capital allocation. Through the Adviser's investment research process, it seeks to identify the companies that it believes will exceed the market's expectations for: 1) key financial metrics and 2) sustainable competitive advantage. The Adviser purchases these securities for the Fund when it believes the market has not already reflected these expectations in the current stock price. Additionally, the Adviser typically invests for a 3-5 year time horizon, allowing it to take advantage of discrepancies between short-term price movements and long-term fundamental prospects.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 40% of its net assets in non-U.S. securities, including American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), and it will invest in equity securities of issuers located in at least 3 different countries including the U.S. Subject to this limitation, there is no further limit on the amount of the Fund's total assets that may be invested in a single country. Although the Fund can invest in companies from any country, it will invest mainly in countries with developed economies. The Fund will limit its investments in emerging market and frontier market securities to a maximum of 30% of its total assets and typically substantially less. The Fund determines that a market is an emerging market if it is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index; the Fund determines that a market is a frontier market if it is included in the MSCI Frontier Markets Index. To the extent the Fund invests in securities denominated in a particular currency, it may invest in forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge currency risks associated with the investment.

Holdings are typically sold to make room in the portfolio for more attractive stocks, or where the holding reaches the Adviser's estimate for its intrinsic value, or in response to an unexpected, negative fundamental change, including a change in management's strategic direction.

Principal Risks

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency. In addition to not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund over short or even long periods of time.** The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

General Market Risk. The Fund's net asset value and investment return will fluctuate based upon changes in the value of its portfolio securities. Certain securities selected for the Fund's portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time.

Management Risk. The Fund may not meet its investment objective or may underperform the market or other mutual funds with similar investment strategies if the Adviser cannot successfully implement the Fund's investment strategies.

Equity Securities Risk. The equity securities held in the Fund's portfolio may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific industries, sectors, geographic markets or companies in which the Fund invests.

Large-Cap, Mid-Cap and Small-Cap Companies Risk. The Fund's investment in larger companies is subject to the risk that larger companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. Securities of mid-cap and small-cap companies may be more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies.

REIT Risk. The real estate industry has been subject to substantial fluctuations and declines on a local, regional and national basis in the past, and may continue to be in the future. Also, the value of a REIT can be hurt by economic downturns or by changes in real estate values, rents, property taxes, interest rates, tax treatment, regulations, or the legal structure of a real estate investment trust.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in securities of foreign issuers involve risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities and instruments of U.S. issuers, including risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad, differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory and accounting requirements, tax risks, and market practices, as well as fluctuations in foreign currencies.

Emerging Markets Risk. Emerging markets are markets of countries in the initial stages of industrialization and that generally have low per capita income. In addition to the risks of foreign securities in general, emerging markets are generally more volatile, have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that are substantially smaller, less liquid, and more volatile with less government oversight than more developed countries.

Frontier Market Countries Risk. Frontier market countries generally have smaller economies and even less developed capital markets than traditional emerging markets, and, as a result, the risks of investing in emerging market countries are magnified in frontier market countries. The magnification of risks are the result of: potential for extreme price volatility and illiquidity in frontier markets; government ownership or control of parts of the private sector and of certain companies; trade barriers, exchange controls, managed adjustments in relative currency values and other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries with which frontier market countries trade; and the relatively new and unsettled securities laws in many frontier market countries.

Currency and Foreign Exchange Risk. When the Fund buys or sells securities on a foreign stock exchange, the transaction is undertaken in the local currency rather than in U.S. dollars. The value of the foreign currency may increase or decrease against the value of the U.S. dollar, which may impact the value of the Fund's portfolio holdings and your investment. Other countries may adopt economic policies and/or currency exchange controls that affect their currency valuations in a manner that is disadvantageous to U.S. investors and companies. Such practices may restrict or prohibit the Fund's ability to repatriate both investment capital and income, or may impose fees for doing so, which could place the Fund's assets at risk of total loss. Currency risks may be greater in emerging market and frontier market countries than in developed market countries.

Forward Foreign Currency Risk. The use of forward foreign currency exchange contracts may substantially change the Fund's exposure to currency exchange rates and could result in losses to the Fund if currencies do not perform as the Adviser expects. The use of these investments as a hedging technique to reduce the Fund's exposure to currency risks may also reduce its ability to benefit from favorable changes in currency exchange rates.

Depository Receipts Risk. Depository receipts are generally subject to the same risks as the foreign securities they represent because their values depend on the performance of the underlying foreign securities. The Fund may invest in unsponsored depository receipts that are issued without an agreement with the company that issues the underlying foreign securities. Holders of unsponsored depository receipts generally bear all the costs of such depository receipts, and the issuers of unsponsored depository receipts frequently are under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications received from the company that issues the underlying foreign securities or to pass through voting rights to the holders of the depository receipts. Accordingly, available information concerning the issuer may not be current and the prices of unsponsored depository receipts may be more volatile than the prices of sponsored depository receipts.

Liquidity Risk. From time to time, the trading market for a particular security or type of security in which the Fund invests may become less liquid or even illiquid. Reduced liquidity will have an adverse impact on the Fund's ability to sell such securities when necessary to meet the Fund's liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event and will also generally lower the value of a security. Market prices for such securities may be volatile.

Growth-Style Investing Risk. Investors expect growth companies to increase their earnings at a certain rate that is generally higher than the rate expected for non-growth companies. If a growth company does not meet these expectations, the price of its stock may decline significantly, even if it has increased earnings. Growth companies also typically do not pay dividends. Companies that pay dividends may experience less significant stock price declines during market downturns.

Investment Focus Risk. The Fund may focus its investments, or have a relatively high concentration of assets in a small number of issuers and/or industry subcategories, which may reduce its diversification and result in increased volatility.

Non-Diversified Fund Risk. Because the Fund is "non-diversified" and may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer, a decline in the value of an investment in a single issuer could cause the Fund's overall value to decline to a greater degree than if the Fund held a more diversified portfolio.

Sector Emphasis Risk. The securities of companies in the same or related businesses ("industry sectors"), if comprising a significant portion of the Fund's portfolio, may in some circumstances react negatively to market conditions, interest rates and economic, regulatory or financial developments and adversely affect the value of the portfolio to a greater extent than if such securities comprised a lesser portion of the Fund's portfolio or the Fund's portfolio was diversified across a greater number of industry sectors. Some industry sectors have particular risks that may not affect other sectors.

Newer Fund Risk. The Fund has a limited operating history and there can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain an economically viable size, in which case the Trust's Board of Trustees may determine to liquidate the Fund.

Performance

When the Fund has been in operation for a full calendar year, performance information will be shown here. Performance information, when available, will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for certain periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. Past performance (before and after taxes) will not necessarily continue in the future.

Management

Investment Adviser

Jackson Square Partners, LLC is the Fund's investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers

The following individuals are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio and have managed the Fund since its inception:

Portfolio Managers	Title with JSP
Christopher J. Bonavico, CFA	Portfolio Manager, Research Analyst
Patrick G. Fortier, CFA	Portfolio Manager, Research Analyst
Gregory M. Heywood, CFA	Portfolio Manager, Research Analyst

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares on any day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for business by written request via mail (Jackson Square Global Growth Fund, c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701), by contacting the Fund by telephone at 844-577-3863 or through a financial intermediary. You may also purchase or redeem Fund shares by wire transfer. Investors who wish to purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below.

	Investor Class	Institutional Class	IS Class
Minimum Initial Investment (non-IRA)	\$2,500	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Minimum Initial Investment (IRA)	\$1,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Subsequent Minimum Investment	\$ 100	N/A	N/A

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt organization or are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement such as a 401(k) plan. Distributions on investments made through tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Fund and/or its Adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.